

Abstract Plain Language Summaries at Scientific Congresses



What are abstract plain language summaries (APLS)?

APLS use simple visuals, plain language and consistent terminology to describe the research presented at scientific congresses, or meetings. Each APLS represents a small piece of the complete body of data available on the drug and disease area today.

APLS reports represent results of only one study. Researchers must look at the results of many types of studies to understand whether a study drug works, how it works, and whether it is safe to prescribe. The results might be different from the outcome of other studies that researchers have presented in the past. It's important to note that these data are investigational, and the treatments may not be approved in these settings by regulatory agencies.

Presentations will go live on the dates marked below.

WHO ARE APLS FOR?

APLS can help research findings be accessible and understandable to anyone seeking this information. Audiences may include but are not limited to patients, caregivers, and healthcare professionals.

WHAT INFORMATION DO **APLS INCLUDE?**

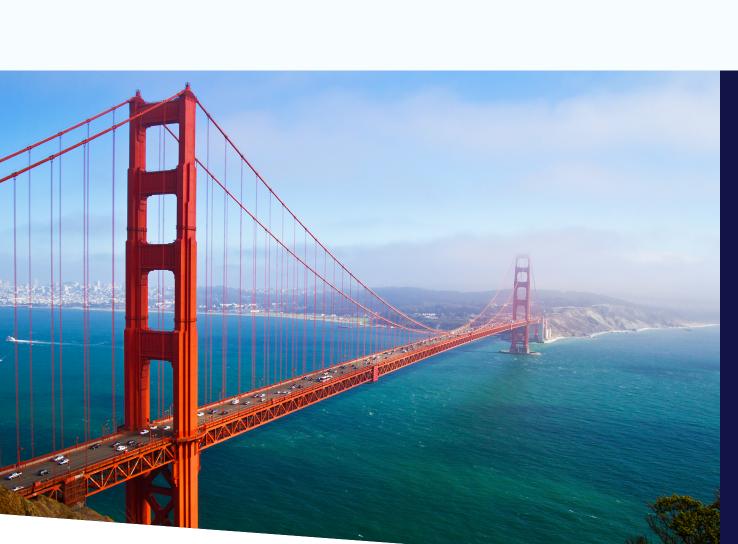
content of a scientific abstract. They describe the main aims and findings of a research study in an easy-to-understand format by following health literacy best practices.

HOW ARE APLS USED?

APLS can help people better understand the research data in presentations at scientific congresses.

WHY DOES PFIZER **DEVELOP APLS?**

Research findings often use terms that can be too complex for many non-scientists to understand. APLS provide recent research results in a clear way for non-scientists.



ASCO Genitourinary (GU) **Cancers Symposium** San Francisco, CA & Online | February 16-18, 2023

PFIZER ABSTRACT PLAIN LANGUAGE **SUMMARIES AND ACCOMPANYING SCIENTIFIC PRESENTATIONS** AT ASCO GU 2023

Prostate Cancer

TALAPRO-2: Phase 3 study of talazoparib (TALA) + enzalutamide (ENZA) versus placebo (PBO) + ENZA as first-line (1L) treatment in patients (pts) with metastatic castrationresistant prostate cancer (mCRPC).

Live Thursday, February 16

VIEW PRESENTATION →

VIEW PLAIN LANGUAGE SUMMARY —>

Racial differences in survival and healthcare resource utilization

among Medicaid-insured adults with metastatic castrationsensitive prostate cancer Live Thursday, February 16

VIEW PRESENTATION \longrightarrow

Real-world combination therapy

VIEW PLAIN LANGUAGE SUMMARY →

patterns in patients receiving leuprolide or relugolix for androgen deprivation therapy in 2021 (The REAL-ADT COMBO Study): Analysis from a US EMR database Live Thursday, February 16

Real-world homologous

VIEW PRESENTATION →

VIEW PLAIN LANGUAGE SUMMARY ->

recombination repair (HRR) mutation testing patterns in patients (pts) with metastatic castrationsensitive prostate cancer (mCSPC) in the United States (US) Live Thursday, February 16

VIEW PLAIN LANGUAGE SUMMARY ____

VIEW PRESENTATION →

TALAPRO-3: A phase 3, doubleblind, randomized study of enzalutamide (ENZA) plus talazoparib (TALA) vs placebo plus ENZA in patients with DDR gene-mutated, metastatic castration-sensitive prostate cancer (mCSPC) Live Thursday, February 16

VIEW PLAIN LANGUAGE SUMMARY ____ VIEW PRESENTATION →

Racial differences in survival and healthcare resource utilization among Medicaid-insured adults with metastatic castration-

resistant prostate cancer

Live Thursday, February 16

VIEW PRESENTATION →

Real world (rw) homologous

VIEW PLAIN LANGUAGE SUMMARY →

recombination repair (HRR) gene mutation testing trends in patients (pts) with metastatic castrateresistant prostate cancer (mCRPC) in the United States (US) Live Thursday, February 16

VIEW PLAIN LANGUAGE SUMMARY ____ VIEW PRESENTATION →

observational study of patients with prostate cancer being treated with relugolix: OPTYX Live Thursday, February 16

A multi-center, prospective,

VIEW PLAIN LANGUAGE SUMMARY—>

VIEW PRESENTATION →

adverse events (AEs) among patients (pts) with metastatic castrationsensitive prostate cancer (mCSPC) Live Thursday, February 16

Real-world (RW) prevalence of

VIEW PRESENTATION →

VIEW PLAIN LANGUAGE SUMMARY —>

Identifying prostate cancer patient subgroups based on their preferences for key attributes of androgen deprivation therapies Live Thursday, February 16

VIEW PRESENTATION →

VIEW PLAIN LANGUAGE SUMMARY →

Real world (rw) racial differences in treatment (tx) patterns and clinical outcomes among patients (pts) with mCRPC Live Thursday, February 16

VIEW PLAIN LANGUAGE SUMMARY ____ VIEW PRESENTATION →

The impact of homologous recombination repair (HRR) gene mutation status on treatment (tx) patterns and clinical outcomes among patients (pts) with metastatic castration-resistant prostate cancer (mCRPC) in the United States (US) Live Friday, February 17

VIEW PRESENTATION →

Baseline characteristics from a

VIEW PLAIN LANGUAGE SUMMARY →

and its management for advanced prostate cancer (PC) treated with androgen receptor inhibitors (ARIs) Live Friday, February 17

Patient (Pt) perspective on fatigue

VIEW PRESENTATION →

Urothelial Cancer

VIEW PLAIN LANGUAGE SUMMARY ____

Urothelial Cancer Avelumab first-line (1L) maintenance

for advanced urothelial carcinoma (UC): Long-term follow-up from the JAVELIN Bladder 100 trial in subgroups defined by 1L chemotherapy regimen and analysis of overall survival (OS) from start of 1L chemotherapy Live Friday, February 17

VIEW PLAIN LANGUAGE SUMMARY ____

VIEW PRESENTATION →

READY: Real-world data from

an Italian compassionate use

program of avelumab first-line

retrospective, observational, USbased, multicenter, real-world (RW) study of avelumab firstline maintenance (1LM) in locally advanced/metastatic urothelial carcinoma (la/mUC) (PATRIOT-II) Live Friday, February 17

VIEW PLAIN LANGUAGE SUMMARY -> VIEW PRESENTATION →

Full analysis from AVENANCE: A

line (1L) maintenance treatment in patients (pts) with advanced urothelial carcinoma (aUC) Live Friday, February 17

real-world study of avelumab first-

VIEW PRESENTATION \rightarrow

VIEW PLAIN LANGUAGE SUMMARY —>

maintenance (1LM) treatment for locally advanced or metastatic urothelial carcinoma (la/mUC) Live Friday, February 17 VIEW PLAIN LANGUAGE SUMMARY →

VIEW PRESENTATION \rightarrow

in Medicare beneficiaries with intermediate- to high-risk non-muscle invasive bladder cancer, 2010-2019 Live Friday, February 17

VIEW PLAIN LANGUAGE SUMMARY —>

Time to event following bacillus

Calmette-Guerin therapy initiation

Early Oncology Development

VIEW PRESENTATION \rightarrow

C-reactive protein (CRP) as a predictive marker for outcomes

Renal Cancer

cell carcinoma (aRCC): Exploratory analysis from JAVELIN Renal 101 Live Saturday, February 18 VIEW PLAIN LANGUAGE SUMMARY —>

with avelumab + axitinib (A + Ax) in

patients with poor-risk advanced renal

Pan-Oncology

and survival among patients with

metastatic prostate cancer (mPC): A

Social determinants of health (SDOH)

VIEW PRESENTATION \rightarrow

systematic literature review (SLR) Live Thursday, February 16

VIEW PRESENTATION \rightarrow

VIEW PLAIN LANGUAGE SUMMARY ____

A UK real-world observational study of avelumab + axitinib (A + Ax) in advanced renal cell carcinoma (aRCC): 24-month interim results

VIEW PLAIN LANGUAGE SUMMARY ____

Live, Saturday, February 18

VIEW PRESENTATION →

A multi-center, open-label, randomized dose expansion study of PF-06821497, a potent and selective inhibitor of

enhancer of zeste homolog 2 (EZH2),

in patients with metastatic castrationresistant prostate cancer (mCRPC). Live Thursday, Feburary 16 VIEW PLAIN LANGUAGE SUMMARY

VIEW PRESENTATION →



